

Lesson 4 Quiz:

INFLAMMATION, ALLERGIES & GUT HEALTH

1. What are the two types of inflammation?

| | a. Endogenous and exogenous |
|--------|---|
| | b. Allergy and intolerance |
| | c. Acute and chronic |
| | d. GI tract and brain |
| 2. St | ress is a huge factor of inflammation. |
| | a. True |
| | b. False |
| 3. WI | hat's a great way to decrease your inflammation? |
| | a. Medication |
| | b. Exercise |
| | c. Meditation |
| | d. Lose weight |
| 4 | is linked to your risk for, which is also linked to inflammation. |
| | a. Sodium intake; hypertension |
| | b. C-reactive protein; hypertension |
| | c. Hypertension; c-reactive protein |
| | d. Sodium intake; trans fat |
| 5. C-: | reactive protein is a marker for |
| | a. Hypertension |
| | b. Inflammation |
| | c. Sodium intake |
| | d. Trans fat |
| 6 | fight free radicals which cause inflammation. |
| | a. Antioxidants |
| | b. Fats |
| | c. Carbohydrates |
| | d. Proteins |
| | |

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| 7. This spice has been shown to fight inflammation. a. Basil |
|--|
| a. Dasii b. Cacao |
| a. Cinnamon |
| b. Cayenne |
| b. Gayerine |
| 8. Gluten reactions are on the rise. The most concerning issue is, which is an |
| a. Celiac disease; intolerance |
| b. Celiac disease; autoimmune disease |
| c. Celiac disease; allergy |
| d. Allergy; intolerance |
| 9. 20% of people who claim to have an allergy don't actually have a true food allergy, but rather a intolerance. |
| a. True |
| b. False. Up to 80% of people who claim to have an allergy don't actually have one |
| They have a food intolerance. |
| |
| 10. What is the difference between an allergy and an intolerance? |
| a. An allergy will have an immediate response while an intolerance may happen |
| gradually |
| b. An intolerance will always have an immediate response while an allergy may happen gradually |
| c. There is no difference; they are the same |
| d. An intolerance is an immune response while an allergy is a GI response |
| at the interestation to an infinite reoperate with an another at a reoperate |
| 11. What is an elimination diet? |
| a. You fast for 3 days |
| b. You remove dairy from your diet |
| c. You remove all gluten from your diet forever |
| d. You stop eating all the foods that most likely will cause an allergy or intolerance |
| and then add them back in gradually |
| 12. What food group is most likely to cause an allergy/intolerance? |
| a. Gluten |
| b. Vegetables |
| c. Dairy |
| d. Starches |



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| 13. | The reason a | gluten fre | ee diet may | help you | lose weight is | because it's | essentially a: |
|-----|--------------|------------|-------------|----------|----------------|--------------|----------------|

- a. Weight loss diet
- b. Low calorie diet
- c. Healthy diet
- d. Strict diet

| 14 | Gluten sensitivity is | times more likely | to occur than | celiac disease |
|------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|
| 1 T. | Olutell scholarty is | _ unics more likely | to occur man | cenae disease. |

- a. 6
- **b**. 0
- **c.** 10
- d. 2
- 15. Starchy foods are not necessary for a healthy diet.
 - a. True
 - b. False. The right proportion of starchy foods in our diets, and getting a variety of them from the least processed versions, is part of a healthy diet.